

Webinar Wednesday Training Series



Agenda

- Learning Objectives
- When to Use Benefit Bank
 - Benefit Timeline
- Accessing Benefit Bank
- Benefit Definitions 101
 - Determine Benefit Components
 - Benefit Type Examples
- Resources
- Q & A



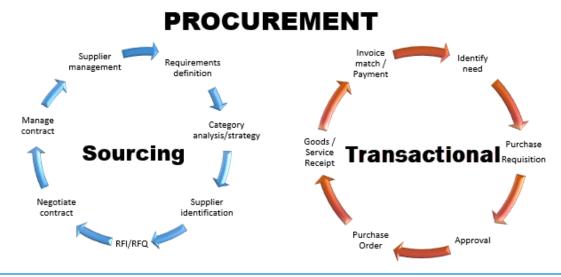
Learning Objectives

- Understand when to use Benefit Bank and who enters what
- Understand how to select benefit components based on your use case
- Learn best practices around benefit types
- Learn how to access existing resources



When to use Benefit Bank

- Enter a benefit when:
 - you have completed a sourcing/transactional action that has generated a savings or payment to the university
 - a sourcing/transactional action resulted in an efficiency gain for the university
- Total UC Benefit is defined as the total annual benefit generated by procurement actions





Systemwide vs. Campus Benefit Entries

Systemwide

Benefits resulting from systemwide procurement actions

Omnia incentive/revenue

Campuses

Benefits resulting from campus procurement actions

Incentive/revenue received at campus from supplier directly

If you are unsure whether to enter your benefit, please reach out for assistance



Benefit Entry Timeline

- Benefits must be submitted and approved by the 10th business day of the following month
 - April benefits must be submitted/approved by the 10th business day of May
- Enter your benefit as close to the applicable agreement date as possible, or earlier if known
- Enter your benefit in the fiscal year achieved or prorate appropriately
- Benefit data is reported monthly to PLC via Procurement Dashboard

Sample Timeline:





Accessing Benefit Bank

 Access can be requested for first-time users by emailing support@ucprocure.zendesk.com

URL: <u>UC Procurement Services Benefit Bank</u>

You will log in using your campus's SSO

Benefit Definitions:



Determining Benefit Components









Benefit Type: 5 ways that a benefit can be earned

the cost prior to the benefit being earned

Activity Type: how the benefit was earned

Reporting Type:
whether the
benefit is known
or estimated

Prior to entering your benefit, ensure you have accurately determined each of these components

Cost Reduction – Benefit & Baseline Types

Cost Reduction

The new total cost is lower than the baseline cost for goods and services

Previously Contracted

The cost is specified in a pre-existing agreement

Historical Costs

There is a record of purchase, but no active agreement

Imputed Historical Costs

Use only when no previous spend exists

Supplier quote, average non-awarded RFP bids, budget, index, other benchmark

Cost Reduction Examples

- 10% discount off previous purchase price
- RFP awarded for new spend to supplier with lowest bid
- \$3 off per SKU



Cost Avoidance—Benefit & Baseline Type

Cost Avoidance

Cost Inclusive of Increase The proposed additional or incremental cost is minimized or eliminated

Established by, listed in order of preference:

- 1. the supplier's request for a price increase
- 2. other contributing factors to an increased cost

- Supplier asks for 10% price increase, negotiate down to 5%
- Negotiated free shipping or reduced training fee
- Tax exemption



Incentive – Benefit & Baseline Type

Incentive

A payment is received based on a purchase



Total Spend - the total applicable spend over the incentive payment period

Incentive benefits can only be booked at the time of receipt

- Supplier pays us \$10K for every \$1M spent
- Contract signing bonus



Revenue – Benefit & Baseline Type

Revenue

Income is received or generated based on external sales



Net Sale - if UC sells the good or services externally, use \$0

Revenue benefits can only be booked at the time of receipt

- Brand licensing
- Surplus sale to external customer



Efficiency - Benefit & Baseline Ty

Efficiency

Efficiency

A new or enhanced technology and/or process(es) that results in increased productivity and/or additional value

Net Cost Pre-Change - the cost of activity before applicable change(s)

- Implemented technology or new process that reduced FTE hours
- Prompt payment discount
- Negotiated value add



Activity Types

Sourcing

- Generated from a multi-year agreement
- Established framework for recurring transactions

Transactional

- One-time purchase of goods/ services (PO)
- Known, not estimated, at agreement signing

Incentive and Revenue benefits can ONLY be Transactional benefits



Reporting Types





Reporting Types

Actualized

Defined quantity

Absolute/firmly known value

Projected

Estimated value

Based on past behavior & future conditions

Transactional benefits can ONLY be Actualized reporting types



Examples – Cost Reduction

 Campus procurement negotiated a 28% discount on laboratory equipment from a supplier's initial quote.

Cost Reduction, Imputed Historical Costs (Supplier Quote), Transactional,
Actualized

 RFP for ship repair services awarded to lowest bidder for a total benefit of \$113K.

Cost Reduction, Imputed Historical Costs (Avg Non-Awarded Bids), Sourcing, Actualized

 Campus procurement negotiated a 1.6% discount on list pricing for a large life sci agreement. Benefit also accounted for average 4% year over year growth

Cost Reduction, Historical Costs (Previous spend), Sourcing, Actualized

Examples – Cost Avoidance

 Tax reduction for research equipment purchases – <u>Recommend entering</u> <u>quarterly in batches</u>

Cost Avoidance, Cost Inclusive of Increase, Transactional, Actualized

 Campus negotiated a 6% price increase down to 4% over the life of the contract for a pouring rights agreement

Cost Avoidance, Cost Inclusive of Increase, Sourcing, Actualized

 Campus negotiated a 5% price increase on a contract extension, but inflation for the category over the contract term was 15% - <u>Inflation Calculation</u> <u>Example</u>

Cost Avoidance, Cost Inclusive of Increase, Sourcing, Projected

Examples – Incentive

 Campus procurement dept receives 2-2.5% patronage from 10 different suppliers at various intervals throughout the year – <u>Option to enter in</u> <u>quarterly batch upon check receipt</u>

Incentive, Incentive, Transactional, Actualized

Systemwide procurement negotiated an incentive bonus in conjunction with a contract signing

Incentive, Incentive, Transactional, Actualized

 Campus procurement applied for, and received, reimbursement for spend related to COVID testing/response

Incentive, Incentive, Transactional, Actualized



Examples – Revenue

 Campus negotiated a variable commission of all sales from campus food truck, annual total of \$88K

Revenue, Revenue, Transactional, Actualized

 Campus negotiated annual revenue payment as part of new agreement with dining supplier, annual revenue check of \$5.5M

Revenue, Revenue, Transactional, Actualized

Supplier pays \$228K/year in sponsorship to campus athletics

Revenue, Revenue, Transactional, Actualized

Examples – Efficiency

 Systemwide procurement negotiated student internships across the system as part of a systemwide agreement with a supplier for a total of \$1.37M

Efficiency, Efficiency, Sourcing, Actualized

 Campus procurement negotiated \$600K contribution from a supplier to their campus's basic needs fund

Efficiency, Efficiency, Sourcing, Actualized

 E-pro system was updated to eliminate manual step procurement completed outside of the system, saving approx. 10 FTE hours per week

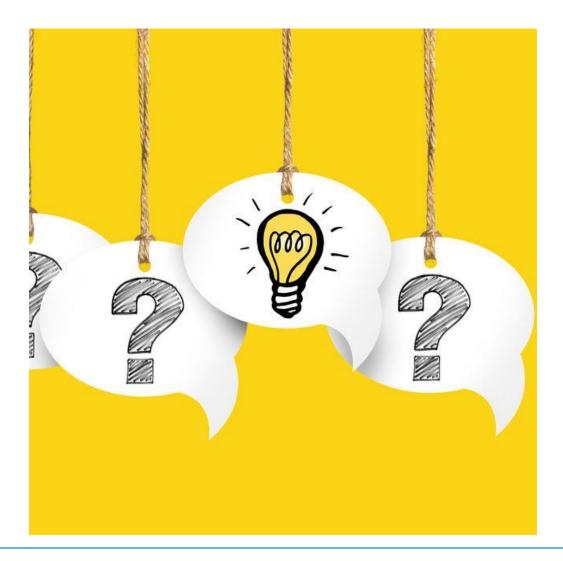
Efficiency, Efficiency, Sourcing, Projected



Examples of Non-Benefits

- You award an RFP to the supplier with the lowest bid of \$1M (\$250K lower than the average of other bids). You have a previous agreement for the same services with a different supplier for \$950K.
 - There may be another type of benefit that can be claimed (Cost Avoidance if inflation is a significant factor, etc.), but Cost Reduction cannot be used as a benefit type.
- We order 200 washers, but only receive 150. The supplier refunds us for 50 washers.
- The supplier includes a generally/publicly available add-on (access to a knowledge base, etc.)

Questions?



Resources



Benefit Bank Resource Guides

Benefit Bank Resources

Benefit Definitions

Benefit Use Cases and Examples



Need Additional Assistance?

- Attend our bi-weekly office hours, every other Wednesday
- Email us! <u>support@ucprocure.zendesk.com</u>



Questions?

